# Detachable Parallel Linear Gripper

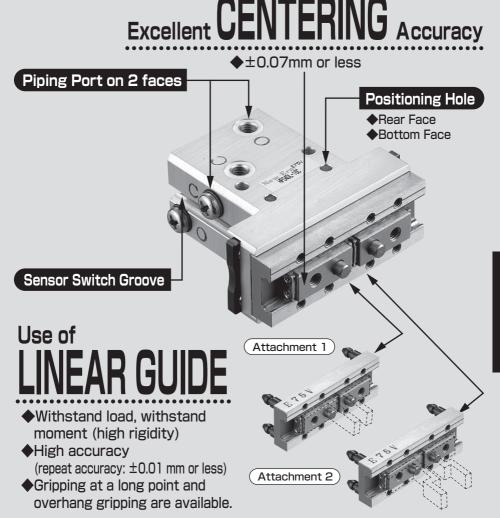
# HPO4DL Long Stroke Type Series

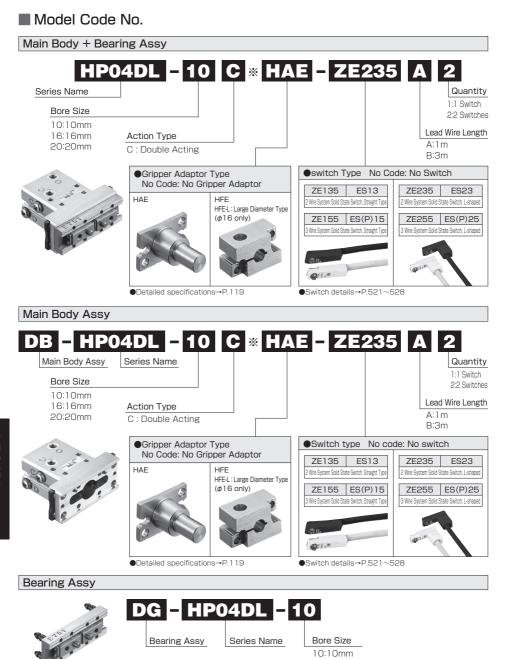
# One-touch Finger Changer

Detachable bearing with one-touch operation. New proposal for attachment replacement work.



Sold in three patterns: ①Main body + Bearing, ②Main body only and ③Bearing only





16:16mm 20:20mm

# ■ Specifications

		10	16	20		
Action Type		Double Acting				
Bearing Attachment/Remov	val Method		Manual			
Bore Size	[mm]	φ10	φ16	φ20		
Fluid			Air			
Working Pressure Range	[MPa]	0.2~0.7	0.12~0.7	0.1~0.7		
Proof Pressure	[MPa]		1.05			
Maximum Operating Cycle	[Cycle/min]	120				
Operating Temperature	[°C]	0~60 (No Freezing)				
Lubrication		Not Required (Required for sliding parts of the machine)				
Pipe Bore		M3×0.5 M5×0.8				
Applicable Switch		ZE, ES	S Type (Solid State S	witch)		
Centering Accuracy	[mm]	±0.07				
Repeat Accuracy	[mm]	±0.01				
Repeat Attachment/Removal Accuracy (Centering Accuracy)	[mm]	0.05				

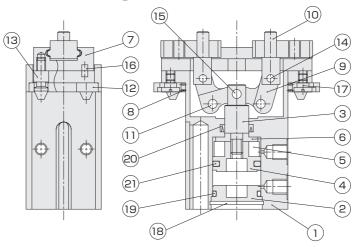
Action Type	Model Bore Size [mm]		Minimum Operating Pressure [MPa]	Opening/ Closing Stroke [mm]	Gripping Force*1 [N] Close Open		[N]		Outside Dimensions (T x W x L) [mm]	Product Mass [g]
	HP04DL-10C	10	0.2	12	10	15.6	20×50×49	90		
Double Acting	HP04DL-16C	16	0.12	16	26	39	25×62×56	170		
	HP04DL-20C	20	0.1	22	45	60	32×78×73	370		

<sup>\*1)</sup> The indicated grip force is measured at the intermediate position of the opening/closing stroke. It is an effective value when the grip point L is 30 mm and the pressure is 0.5 MPa.
See List of Effective Grip Forces (Page 73) for details.

The unit of the allowable load FX is N. The unit of the allowable moments MA, MB and MC is Nm.

When this product is used with an extremely short stroke, it may work badly because of the lack of oil of the guide.

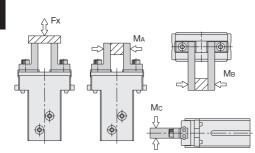
# ■ Internal Structure Diagram



#### Parts List

NO	Name	Material	NO	Name	Material
1	Main Body	Aluminum Alloy	12	Stopper	Stainless Steel
2	Head Cover	Aluminum Alloy	13	Pin	Stainless Steel
3	Piston Rod	Stainless Steel	14	Press Fit Pin	Carbon Tool Steel
4	Piston	Aluminum Alloy	15	Press Fit Pin	Carbon Tool Steel
5	Magnet	Resin	16	Press Fit Pin	Carbon Tool Steel
6	Pressure Cover	Aluminum Alloy	17	Slotted Head Machine Screw	Stainless Steel
7	Bearing	Bearing Steel	18	Hole Locating Snap Ring	Carbon Tool Steel
8	Spring	Piano Wire	19	O Ring	NBR
9	Action Lever	Carbon Steel	20	Rod Packing	NBR
10	Knuckle	Stainless Steel	21	Piston Packing	NBR
11	Fulcrum Pin	Carbon Tool Steel			

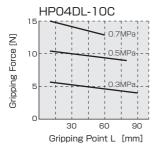
### ■ Allowable Load and Allowable Moment

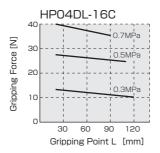


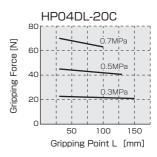
Load and Moment Model	Fx [N]	Ma [N·m]	MB [N·m]	Mc [N·m]
HP04DL-10	50	0.4	0.4	0.8
HP04DL-16	120	1	1	2
HP04DL-20	200	1.5	1.5	3

# **■**Effective Gripping Force

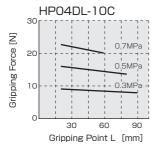
# Closing Force (Double Acting Type)

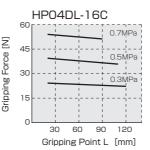


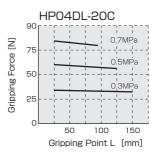




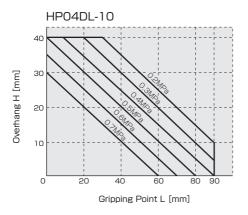
### Opening Force (Double Acting Type)

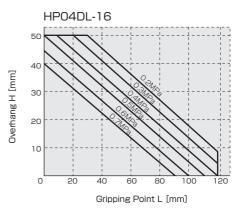


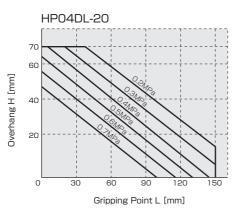




### ■ Gripping Point Limit Range



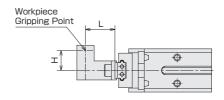




#### Mounting of the attachment

L (distance gripping point) and H (overhang distance) of the attachment to be mounted to the lever shall be within the range specified in the above drawing (Gripping point limit range). If they exceed the limit range, excess moment will be applied to the guide, causing troubles that have a bad influence on the life and accuracy (e.g. finger backlash). Even if they are within the limit range, the attachment shall be as small and light as possible.

■Guide for selecting a model for the workpiece weight It shall be 5 to 10% of the effective gripping force or any value less than that although it differs depending on the coefficient of friction between the attachment and the workpiece and the shape. It shall be greater than that when great acceleration or impact is applied during workpiece transportation.



### ■ Bearing Attachment/Removal Method

#### Removal Method (Example)

### STEP.1

### STEP.2 Attachment/Removal Position

### STEP.3 Decoupling

### STEP.4 Removal

The opening (closing) port exhausts air that is supplied to the inside of the cylinder.

Air Exhaust

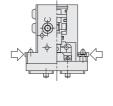
Move the lever to the specified position by external force or the like. This makes the action lever vertical.

Push the stopper by external force or the like. This makes the hardware free. Note 2)

Remove the bearing.

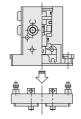






[mm]

HP04DL-20



Note 1)

The dimension of the attachment/removal position S differs depending on the product size. See the following table

HP04DL-10 HP04DL-16 Model

S	5	8	12
Note 2) If y	ou make the pin free when	the lever is attached in the v	rertically downward direction,

the bearing may falls due to the own weight of the lever. So be fully careful to make it free.

### Attachment Method (Example)

#### STEP.1

#### STEP.2

### STEP.3 Attachment

### STEP.4 Retention

Keep the bearing separated.

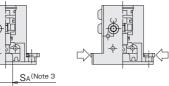
Attachment/Removal Position

#### Stand-by for Attachment

Push the stopper by external force or the like. Attach the bearing while keeping the stopper inserted and the levers are in the SA state.

The bearing is retained by releasing the stopper.

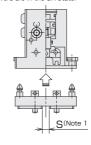


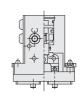




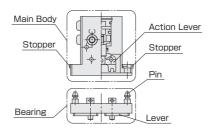


Model	HP04DL-10	HP04DL-16	HP04DL-20
SA	9	14	20





# Part Names

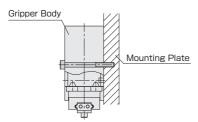


# ■ Main Body Mounting Method

### Mounting Example

1 When the through-hole of the main body is used

(Switch not attachable in this case)



. 1/	1
	7

When the screw on the back face of the main body is used

Model	Bolt to be Used	Maximum Tightening Torque[N·m]
φ10	M3×0.5	0.59
φ16	M3×0.5	0.59
φ20	M4×0.7	1.37

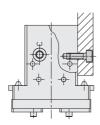
 Model
 Bolt to be Used
 Maximum Tightening Torque (N·m)

 φ10
 M4×0.7
 1.37

 φ16
 M4×0.7
 1.37

 φ20
 M5×0.8
 2.84

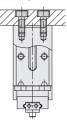
3 When the screw on the side of the main body is used



Model	Bolt to be Used	Maximum Tightening Torque[N·m]
φ10	M3×0.5	0.59
φ16	M4×0.7	1.37
φ20	M5×0.8	2.84

4 When the screw on the bottom face of the main body is used

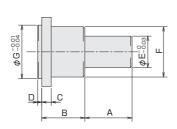
(Only  $\phi 8$  requires a space such as a relief because the switch protrudes.)

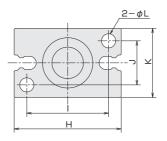


Model	Bolt to be Used	Maximum Tightening Torque[N·m]
φ10	M3×0.5	0.59
φ16	M4×0.7	1.37
φ20	M5×0.8	2.84

# ■ Outline Dimensional Drawing of Gripper Adaptor

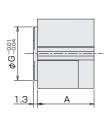
# HAE Type

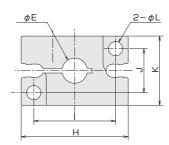




Type Code	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	ı	J	K	L	Ancillary Bolt (x2)	Product Mass[g] (Including Bolts)
HAE-10	15	15	3	1.3	10	11	11	23	17	10	16	3.4	M3×0.5×8 <sup>L</sup>	11
HAE-16	15	15	3	1.3	10	16	17	34	26	14	22	4.5	M4×0.7×10 <sup>L</sup>	20
HAE-20	15	15	3	1.3	10	18	21	45	35	16	26	5.5	M5×0.8×10 <sup>L</sup>	28

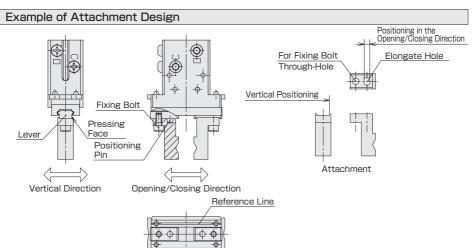
# HFE形



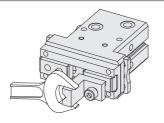


Code	^	E				-	IZ.		Ancillary Bolt (x3)		Product Mass[g]	
Туре	Α	=	G	Н		J	K	L	Gripper Mounting (x2)	Adapter Fixing (x1)	(Including Bolts)	
HFE-10	15	6	11	23	17	10	16	3.4	M3×0.5×16 <sup>L</sup>	M3×0.5×12 <sup>L</sup>	14	
HFE-16	18	8	17	34	26	14	22	4.5	M4×0.7×20 <sup>L</sup>	M4×0.7×16 <sup>L</sup>	35	
HFE-16L	18	10	17	34	26	14	22	4.5	M4×0.7×20 <sup>L</sup>	M4×0.7×16 <sup>L</sup>	33	
HFE-20	19	13	21	45	35	16	26	5.5	M5×0.8×20 <sup>L</sup>	M5×0.8×20 <sup>L</sup>	55	

# ■ Attachment Design Method



### **Attachment Mounting Method**

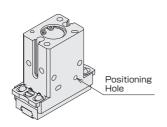


When you mount the attachment, hold the attachment with a spanner or the like to remove load to the lever.

Model	Bolt to be Used	Maximum Tightening Torque[N·m]
φ10	M3×0.5	1.14
φ16	M4×0.7	2.7
φ20	M5×0.8	5.4

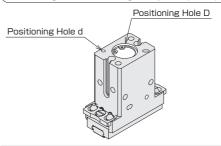
### Positioning Hole

Positioning Hole for Mounting Examples 1 and 2 (P.118)



Model	Positioning Hole	
<i>φ</i> 10	$\phi$ 2.5 $^{+0.02}_{0}$ depth 2.5	
φ16	$\phi_{3_{0}^{+0.02}}^{+0.02}$ depth 3	
φ20	$\phi 4^{+0.02}_{0}$ depth 3.5	

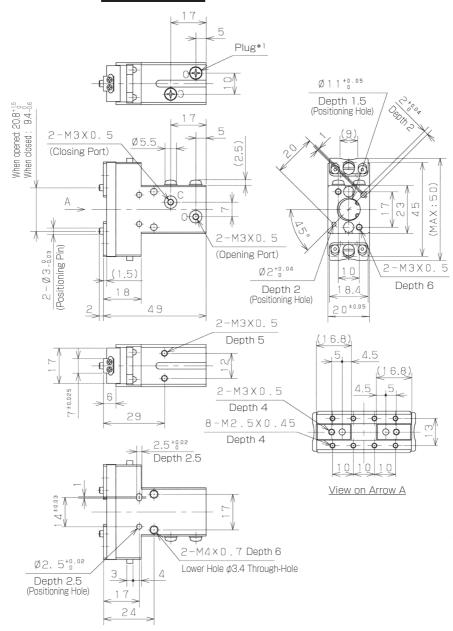
### Positioning Hole for Mounting Examples 4 (P.118)



Model	Positioning Hole D	Positioning Hole d	
φ10	φ11 <sup>+0.05</sup> depth 1.5	$\phi 2^{+0.04}_{0}$ depth 2	
φ16	φ17 <sup>+0.05</sup> depth 1.5	$\phi$ 2.5 $^{+0.04}_{0}$ depth 3	
φ20	φ21 <sup>+0.05</sup> depth 1.5	φ3 <sup>+0.04</sup> depth 3	

#### CAD data provided

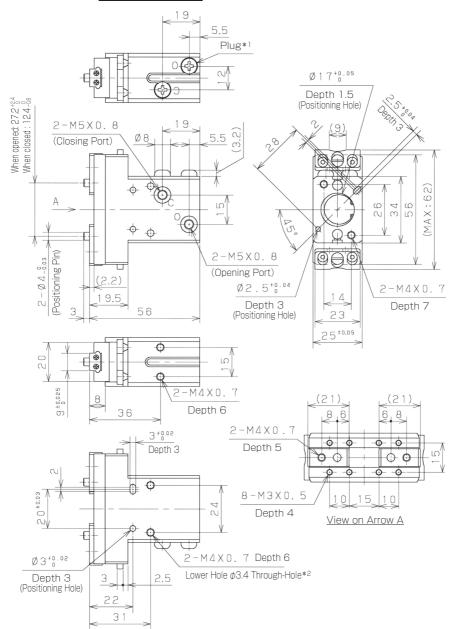
# ■ Dimensions HP04DL-10C



- \*1) Two faces have an air port. Select the one you use according to the mounting condition.
- \*2) Note that when the main body is mounted using the through-hole, you cannot mount the opening side sensor.

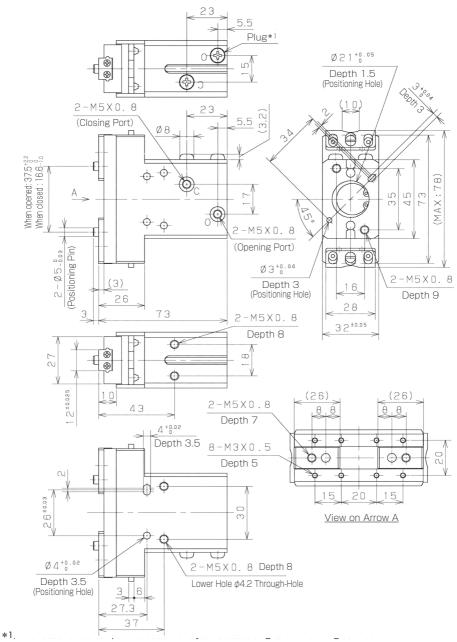
CAD data provided

# ■ Dimensions HP04DL-16C



- \*1) Two faces have an air port. Select the one you use according to the mounting condition.
- \*2) Note that when the main body is mounted using the through-hole, you cannot mount the opening side sensor.

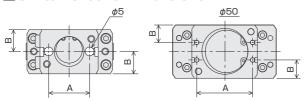
# ■ Dimensions HP04DL-20C



<sup>\*2)</sup> Note that when the main body is mounted using the through-hole, you cannot mount the opening side sensor.

# Series

### Switch Groove Dimensions



Code Size	10	16	20
Α	17	24	30
В	10	12.5	16

### Switch Protrusion Distance

The maximum switch protrusion from the switch body end face (when the levers are full closed) is shown in the table below. Use it as a guide for mounting.

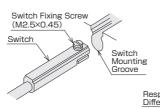


Cylinder Bore (mm)	φ10	φ16	φ20
Maximum Protrusion (mm)	0	0	0

# ■Switch Mounting

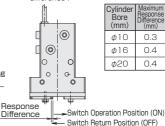
Insert the switch into the switch mounting groove. After setting the mounting position, tighten the switch fixing screw with a precision screwdriver.

. The tightening torque shall be 0.1 N·m or less.



### ■ Switch Response Difference

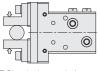
The distance from the position where the levers move and the switch turns on to the position where the levers move in the reverse direction and the switch turns off is called "response difference".



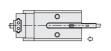
Cylinder Maximum

### Switch Mounting Position Adjustment Method

### For external gripping



①Check the workpiece external gripping and full close.



@Insert the switch into the switch mounting groove of the main body in the arrow direction.

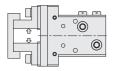


3The LED lamp lights up by turning on the switch in the arrow direction.



4Fix the switch by a switch fixing screw at the position where the switch is moved 0.6 mm in the arrow direction from the position where the lamp lights up in [3].

#### For internal gripping



①Check the workpiece internal gripping and full opening.



@Insert the switch into the switch mounting groove of the main body in the arrow direction.



3The LED lamp lights up by moving the switch in the arrow direction. It goes off by moving it further.



(4) Fix the switch at the position that is 0.6 mm moved from the position where the LED lamp lights up when it is returned in the arrow direction (reverse direction) in [3].

(1) Indicates the position where you need to check if the switch is ON. Mount the switch by adjusting it in the order from (1) to (4).